Out and about

Sing a song



Language focus

Aims

- to sing a song
- to talk about sports
- to talk about activities happening at the moment of speaking

Vocabulary

Leisure activities: playing the guitar Sports: playing volleyball, playing tennis, hitting the ball, throwing the ball

Structures

I'm (playing). He's (hitting the ball). She's (throwing the ball). Look at (them).



- flashcards of playing the guitar, playing volleyball, playing tennis, hitting the ball, throwing the ball
- plain A4 paper (enough for all Ss)

Lesson plan



Warm up

- Present the new vocabulary through miming. Pretend you are holding a guitar and you are playing and say I'm playing the *guitar*. Repeat this a couple of times and have Ss repeat and mime the actions after you.
- Repeat the same procedure with the phrases playing volleyball, playing tennis, hitting the ball and throwing the ball.
- Alternatively, you can present the new vocabulary by using the flashcards.

Vocabulary



Track 36

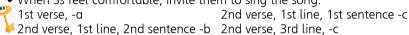
- Have Ss open their books at page 31.
- Play the CD and have Ss point to the pictures in the vocabulary section and repeat.
- Sau the phrases again in random order and have Ss repeat and point.

Activity 1





- Direct Ss' attention to the pictures.
- Ask Ss to tell you what they can see in the picture (Two girls are playing volleyball. A boy is watching the girls play. Two boys are playing tennis. A boy and a girl are watching the boys play. A boy is playing the guitar and a airl is dancina.).
- Tell Ss that they're going to listen to a song. Ask them to guess what it's going to be about.
- Play the song once and have Ss listen.
- Play the song a second time and have Ss point to the activities shown in the pictures in the order that they are heard in the song.
- When Ss feel comfortable, invite them to sing the song.





TPR Activity

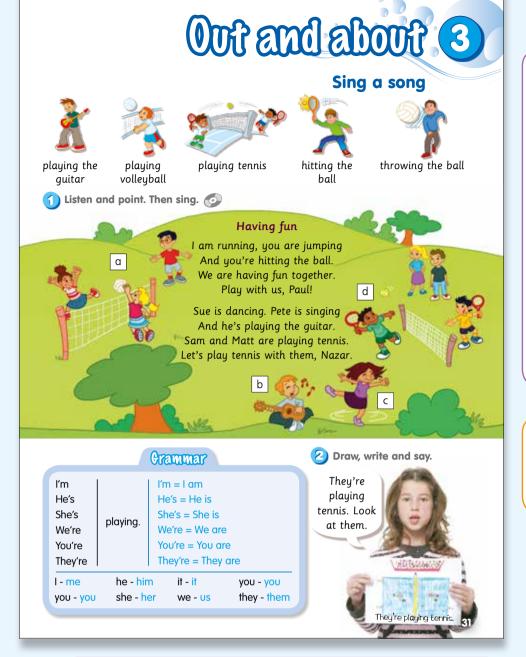
• Play the song and have Ss do the actions at the same time.

Grammar box

- Mime playing the guitar. Point to yourself and say *I'm playing the guitar*. Write the sentence on the board. Elicit that we say I'm (playing the guitar) to refer to an action we're doing at the moment of speaking.
- Ask a boy in the class to mime the same action. Point to him and say He's playing the guitar. Write this sentence on the board under the first sentence. Elicit that we use He's to refer to boys.
- Repeat the procedure for the rest of the persons (she, we, you, they).
- Direct Ss' attention to the grammar box. Point out that I'm, He's, She's, We're, You're and They're are the short forms of I am, He is, She is, We are, You are and They are respectively.
- Mime throwing a ball and say, I'm throwing the ball. Look at me. Then encourage a S to mime hitting it and say, Hit it. Write the sentences on the board and ask Ss what the words *me* and *it* refer to. Elicit that *me* refers to the personal pronoun I and that it refers to the word ball.
- Direct Ss' attention to the personal pronouns and object pronouns in the table and read them aloud.
- Explain to Ss that the object pronouns are used after verbs or after prepositions to replace nouns.
- Write some more examples on the board, e.g. *He's playing football. Look* at him. She's singing. Let's sing with her. Then ask Ss to come up with some examples of their own.

Activity 2

- Direct Ss' attention to the girl in the picture and ask them to guess what she's doing. (She has made a picture of two children playing tennis and she is presenting it.)
- Explain to Ss that they have to choose one of the actions they have learnt so far (playing the guitar, playing volleyball, playing tennis, hitting the ball, throwing the ball), draw it on a piece of paper and write a sentence describing it.
- Divide Ss into pairs or small groups.
- Explain to Ss that they have to take turns to present their drawings and describe them, as in the example.
- Choose a few Ss to present their drawings to the class.



Tell Ss to point to their family members when they go home and say what each person is doing at that moment, e.g. She is (playing the guitar).

🗾 1. They're playing volleyball.

2. He's throwing the ball.

3. She's playing tennis. 4. She's plauing the guitar.

Workbook (OPTIONAL)

Activity 1 1. is 2. am 3. are

4. are

2. her 3. us

4. him

5. it

6. me

Activity 3

Activity 2 1. them



Optional 🤽 💇 🦀







Group pantomime

- Divide Ss into groups of four.
- Place the flashcards of the actions taught in the vocabulary section face down on your desk.
- In turns, call up each group and have one S in the group pick up a flashcard without revealing it to the other groups.
- The S shows the flashcard to his/her group and they all mime the action on the flashcard, while the other groups take turns guessing what the Ss are doing, e.g. They're (playing the guitar). Look at them.
- Every correct guess earns the 'guessing team' one point. Whenever the Ss in a group guess correctly, they get a chance to mime.
- The group with the most correct guesses wins.



Before leaving

• Play the song *Having fun* (Track 37) and have Ss sing along and do the actions.

Smart kids

Conguage focus

Aims

- to identify animals
- to learn how to form plural nouns

Vocabulary

Animals: horse, sheep, goat, mouse, cow. wolf

Place: farm Verb: eat

Structures

Plural form of regular and irregular

How big is it? It's (173 cm tall). Are you (eating a tomato)? Yes, I am. / No, I'm not. Are they (playing)?

Yes, they are. / No, they aren't. They aren't (playing).



Materials

- flashcards of horse, sheep, goat, mouse, cow, wolf, eat, farm
- plain A4 paper (enough for all Ss)
- coloured pencils / markers
- Blu tack

Revision

• Plau the sona *Havina fun* in the SB on page 31 (Track 37) and ask Ss to sing along.

Lesson plan



Warm up

• Stick the flashcards of horse, sheep, goat, mouse, cow, wolf, eat and farm on the board. Point to each one, say the word and encourage Ss to repeat after you.

Vocabulary



Track 38

- Have Ss open their books at page 32. Direct Ss' attention to the vocabulary section at the top of the page.
- Play the CD and have Ss point and
- Say the words again in random order and have Ss repeat and point.

Activity 1







• Have Ss look at the presentation and ask them where Anna and Greg are. (They're on a farm.)



- Ask Ss to tell you what they think is happening. (The farmer is showing all the animals on the farm to the children.)
- Ask Ss to point to the bubbles and follow along as you play the CD.
- Play the CD again and encourage Ss to shadow read.
- Play the CD once more, pausing after each phrase for Ss to repeat.
- Model acting out the dialogue with two Ss. Choose three Ss to act it out for the class. Then have Ss act out the dialogue in groups of three.
- In turns, have pairs of Ss perform for the whole class. Repeat until all Ss have had a chance to perform.

Grammar box

- Point to your desk and say a desk. Point to two desks and say two desks. Write the two phrases on the board and do the same with other classroom objects Ss know, e.g. book(s), pen(s), etc. Elicit that most nouns form their plural by adding -s to the end of the word.
- Direct Ss' attention to the grammar box at the top of page 33.
- Read the left column and have Ss repeat.
- Read tomato tomatoes and have Ss repeat. Point out that nouns ending in -s, -ss, -sh, -ch, -x, -o take -es in the plural.
- Read wolf wolves and have Ss repeat. Point out that nouns ending in -f, take -ves in the plural.
- Read mouse mice, sheep sheep and child children and have Ss repeat. Point







duck - ducks aoat - aoats

cow - cows

tomato - tomatoes wolf - wolves

Grammar

mouse - mice sheep - sheep child - children

How big is it? It's 173 cm tall.

Are you eating a tomato? Yes, I am. / No, I'm not. Are they playing? Yes, they are. / No, they aren't. They aren't playing.

Read activity 1 and say.

- 1. Greg and Anna are on Uncle Sam's ...
- 2. Uncle Sam has got one ... 3. Uncle Sam's ducks love ...
- 4. Uncle Sam has got 15 ..., 20 ..., and 45 ...
- 5. The ... are eating Uncle Sam's cheese.



Draw your own farm. Then ask and answer. Write about your partner's farm in your notebook.





There are five sheep, six chickens and one cow.



out that these nouns have irregular plural forms. Give Ss more examples of regular and irregular plural forms of nouns.

• Read the rest of the questions and answers and explain that we use *How bia...?* to ask about the size. Point out how the question form, short answers and the negative form of the Present Progressive are formed. Give Ss more examples.

Activity 2

- Explain to Ss that they have to refer to activity 1 to complete the sentences
- Have Ss compare their answers in pairs first, then check Ss' answers as a class.

2. horse 1. farm 3. tomatoes 4. cows, goats, sheep

Activity 3 Track 40

- Direct Ss' attention to the pictures and ask Ss what the animals/people depicted are doing.
- Explain to Ss that they will listen to five exchanges and they will have to point to the correct picture according to what they hear in the transcript.
- Play the CD and have Ss listen to each exchange (more than once if necessary) and ask Ss to point to the correct pictures.
- Have Ss compare their answers in pairs first, then check as a class.

Listening transcript

1. A: Is he playing basketball?

- **B:** No. he isn't. He's plauina football.
- 2. They aren't running. They're eating tomatoes.
- 3. She isn't sleeping. She's singing.
- 4. **A:** Are they eating?
 - **B:** No, they aren't. They're running.
- 5. He isn't paintina. He's climbina a



Activity 4

- Direct Ss' attention to the children and ask them to auess what they are doing. (The boy is holding a drawing of his farm and he is answering the girl's questions about it.)
- Read the dialogue and have Ss chorally repeat it after you. Have individual Ss model the dialogue.
- Divide Ss into pairs.
- Explain that they have to draw a picture of their farm and show it to their partner. Their partner has to ask auestions about the animals on the farm. Ss swap roles.
- Have pairs of Ss present the dialogue to the rest of the class.



Workbook (OPTIONAL)

? 1. cows

- **Activity 1**
 - 2. ducks 3. children
- 4. horses 5. sheep 6. mice
- 7. wolves 8. tomatoes

Activity 2 🧖 Track 41

- Listening transcript 1. **A:** Can you see the ducks?
 - **B:** Where? Are they eating?
 - **A:** No. theu aren't. Theu're in the
 - B: Oh, yes, I can see them swimming.
- 2. **A:** Can you see my horse?
 - **B:** Is it eating?
 - **A:** No, it isn't. It's running!
 - B: Wow!
- 3. **A:** And these are my goats.
 - **B:** Wow! How many are there?
 - **A:** I've got twenty goats.
 - **B:** Look at them jumping!
- 1. a 2. b 3. b



Activity 3

1. isn't dancing, is playing the guitar

- 2. aren't climbing, are running
- 3. isn't hitting. is throwing the ball
- 4. isn't drinking, is eating

Tell Ss to point to different objects they have learnt when they go home and say their plural form, e.g. They're (books).





Language focus

- to identify information signs
- to give and follow orders

Vocabulary

Nouns: sign, mobile phone

Verbs: drink

Phrasal verb: turn off

Phrases: throw rubbish in the rubbish

bin, take photos

Structures

Turn off your mobile phones.

Don't (take photos).



- flashcards of sign, throw rubbish in the rubbish bin, mobile phone, drink, turn off, take photos
- sheets of different colour construction paper (one for every four Ss)
- markers / coloured pencils

Revision

- Have Ss open their books to page 32. Direct their attention to activity 1.
- Play the CD (Track 39) and have Ss follow along in their books.
- Play the CD again and encourage Ss to shadow read.
- Then have some Ss act out the story for the whole class.

Lesson plan



Warm up

• Hold up the flashcards of the words/ phrase/phrasal verb in the vocabulary section and say them out loud. Repeat twice and have Ss repeat after you the second time.

Vocabulary Track 42



- Have Ss open their books at page 34.
- Play the CD and have Ss point to the correct picture and repeat.
- Say the words/phrase/phrasal verb again in random order and have Ss repeat and point.



Activity 1 👻 🧓 Track 43





- Have Ss look at the presentation and ask them what the text is about. (A school trip to the museum, information signs found there and what they
- Point to each picture and encourage Ss to identify the place the children and teacher are. (They're at the museum.)
- Play the CD and encourage Ss to shadow read.
- Explain to Ss that they have to point to the signs and say what information they depict.
- Have Ss compare their answers in pairs first, then check as a class.
- 📂 From top: turn off mobile phones, no eating or drinking, you can eat here, throw rubbish in rubbish bins, and don't take photos

Grammar box



- Direct Ss' attention to the grammar box at the top of page 35.
- Read the sentences out loud and have Ss repeat.
- Ask Ss if they have any rules at home and encourage them to tell you what the rules are. Write Ss' ideas on the board, e.g. Clean your room. Do your homework. Brush your teeth in the morning.
- Point out that don't is the short form of do not.



Activity 2 M Track 44

- Hold up your book and point to the first picture. Ask Ss to tell you which rule the sign represents. (Don't eat or drink.)
- Explain to Ss that they will listen to similar rules and they will have to point to the correct sign in the order they hear each rule.
- Play the CD, pausing after each sentence so that Ss have enough time to point to the correct sign.
- Play the CD again so that Ss can check their answers.
- Have Ss compare their answers in pairs first, then check as a class.

Listening transcript

- 1. You can eat here.
- 2. Turn off your mobile phones in the cinema.
- 3. Throw rubbish in the rubbish bin.
- 4. Don't eat in class.
- 5. Don't take photos in the museum.

1. picture 3

- 2. picture 4
- 3. picture 2
- 4. picture 1
- 5. picture 5

Activity 3

- Direct Ss' attention to the children and ask them what they are doing. (The girl is giving orders to the boy and the boy is carrying them out.)
- Divide Ss into pairs and have them take turns giving orders and following
- Have some pairs of Ss present their exchanges in front of the class.

Activity 4

- Direct Ss' attention to the girl and ask them to guess what she is doing. (She is reporting to the class the rules she has made.)
- Divide Ss into pairs and ask them to make their own class rules in their notebooks
- Have some pairs of Ss report their rules to the class.



Optional





Make a rules poster

- Divide the class into groups of four.
- Ss in each group have to write one of the rules from activity 4 on a sheet of construction paper.
- Explain to Ss that each group has to decorate the sheet with their rule as
- Collect all the rules and put them up on the board/wall before Ss leave.



Workbook (OPTIONAL)

Activity 1



1. a, b,f, 2. b,c, f 3. b. f 4. b,d, e,f 5. e

Activity 2



- 🥦 a. Turn off your mobile phone.
- b. Don't throw uour rubbish.
 - c. Eat here.
 - d. Don't take photos.
 - e. Don't eat or drink.
 - f. Throw your rubbish in the rubbish bin.

Tell Ss to say what rules they have to follow at home, when they go home, e.g. Don't (throw rubbish in the house).

Let's play



Language focus

Aims

• to tell the time

Vocabulary

It's (six) o'clock.

It's a quarter to (three).

It's a quarter past (eleven).

It's half past (seven).

Structures

What's the time? It's (a quarter to/past three).



- scissors (one pair for every pair of Ss)
- cut-outs from WB page 87 / TB page 156

Revision 🔼 🙉





- Divide Ss into groups of 4.
- Tell them that theu need to decide on a place and write out all the rules that apply to that place.
- Then, the groups take turns to present the rules and invite the rest of the class to guess the place.

• Direct Ss' attention to the vocabulary section at the top of the page.

• Play the CD and have Ss repeat.

Let's play

1 Play.

What's the time?

Where are you?

It's half

past seven.

o'clock.

It's a quarter

to three.

It's a quarter

past four.

I'm at the cinema.

It's a quarter

past eleven.

• Say the phrases in random order and have Ss repeat and point.

Activity 1

- Direct Ss' attention to the two children in the photos and ask Ss to guess what they're doing. (They are playing a card game.)
- Read the exchange and have Ss repeat it. Have individual Ss model the exchange.
- Divide Ss into pairs.
- Ask Ss to cut out page 87 from the back of the Workbook. For Ss that don't have the Workbook, photocopy this page (TB p.156) or print it out from the Teacher's Digital Resources and give it to them.
- Explain to Ss that they have to cut out the pictures and place them on their desk. SA places the cards face-up on the desk while SB puts them face-down in two piles (one of the clocks and one of the places). SB picks a card from each pile, without showing them to SA, and answers SA's questions. SA has to find the pictures SB is holding.
- Model how the game is played with a S.
- Ss swap roles.
- If time permits, have some pairs of Ss play the game in front of the class.

Lesson plan



Warm up

- Draw some clocks on the board and encourage Ss to tell you the different times (o'clock, half past...), e.g. It's one o'clock. It's half past one.
- Change the time on one clock to show a quarter past one.
- Point to the clock and say What's the time? It's a quarter past one. Have Ss
- Change the time on another clock to show a quarter to two.
- Point to the clock and say What's the time? It's a quarter to two. Have Ss repeat.
- Change the hands on the clock to show a quarter to seven and a quarter past four and have Ss repeat each time.

Vocabulary



Track 45

• Have Ss open their books at page 36.



- Draw two big clocks on the board spaced apart from each other. Fill in the numbers only, not the hands.
- Divide Ss into two teams and have them stand in two lines facing the board.
- Explain to Ss that you are going to whisper a time to the last Ss in each
- On your cue, both of the last Ss will then have to whisper the time to the person in front of them and Ss will have to continue passing it on down the line by whispering.
- Once the time reaches the first S standing directly in front of the board, s/he has to fill in the clock with the correct time as fast as he/she can.
- The team to do this the fastest and correctly wins a point.
- After each round, have the last S go to the front of the line.
- Repeat until all Ss have come to the front of the line. The team with the most points wins.



Workbook (OPTIONAL)



Activity 1

1. e

2. d 3. a 5. b 4. c

Activity 2



- 1. The small hand is on 3 and the big hand is on 12.
 - $\frac{1}{2}$ 2. The small hand is between the 11 and the 12 and the big hand is on 6.
 - 3. The small hand is on 8 and the big hand is on 9.
 - 4. The small hand is on 6 and the big hand is on 3.

Tell Ss to look at the clock/their watch when they get home and say what time it is, e.g. It's (half past one).



Language focus

Aims

- to make a silhouette
- to revise and consolidate structures and vocabulary learnt in previous lessons



- cut-outs from WB page 87/TB page156
- flashcards of activities and sports. learnt in previous lessons
- photocopied flashcards of activities and sports learnt in previous lessons (cut in four)
- Blu tack
- big pieces of black card (enough for all Ss)
- markers / coloured pencils
- tape (a roll for every four Ss)
- sheets of white card (one per S)
- scissors (one pair for every pair of Ss)

Revision



• Divide Ss into pairs and have them play the game in the SB on page 36 (TB page 58).

Lesson plan



Warm up



- Stick some of the flashcards from the previous lessons on the board.
- Ask Ss questions about the people in them, e.g. What is he/she doing? Encourage Ss to answer, e.g. He/She's playing tennis.

Activity 1

- Direct Ss' attention to the pictures and ask them what the children are doing. (They are making silhouettes.)
- Point to the second picture and ask them in L1 what the child is making. (A keuhole.)
- Point to the third picture and ask Ss what the child is doing. (He/She is drawing a picture in the keyhole.)
- Make sure Ss understand that they will make their own silhouettes and that their silhouettes can be any shape they would like them to be.
- Hand out the black card, the white card, the tape, and the markers / coloured pencils.
- Explain that first they are going to make their silhouettes using the black and the white card.
- Once they've done that, ask them to draw pictures of people doing everyday activities or playing a sport. For example, two children playing volleyball, etc. Then they have to write a sentence describing the activity/ sport they have drawn.
- Go round monitoring Ss' progress and lending a hand to any Ss in need of help.



Note

• Read the instructions aloud and explain them in L1. Make sure Ss understand the instructions.

Activity 2



- Direct Ss' attention to the picture in activity 2. Ask Ss what is happening. (The girls are showing off their silhouettes.)
- Read the sentences aloud and invite Ss to repeat (chorally in groups individuallu).
- Divide Ss into pairs and have them present their silhouettes to each other.
- Have Ss present to the whole class.

Optional 🔁 🖀

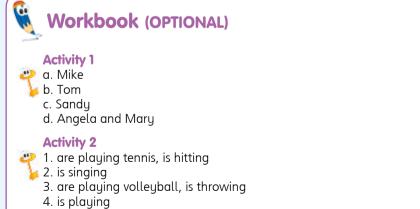




Guess the picture

- Put all pieces of the cut-up photocopies of flashcards (refer to the materials section) on your desk face-down.
- Divide Ss into groups of four.
- Invite each group to the front of the class. One of the Ss in the group draws a piece of the cut-up photocopies you have on your desk and they all have to guess what the rest of the picture is and say, e.g. She's playing tennis.
- The group that guesses correctly gets one point for every correct guess.
- The group with the most points wins.





Story time



Language focus

Aims

- to listen and read for pleasure
- to revise and consolidate vocabulary and structures learnt in previous lessons

Vocabulary

Nouns: box, tunnel, map **Action:** cross the street



- blown-up colour photocopies of Story time The secret tunnel
- flashcards of box, tunnel, map, cross the street
- Blu tack
- props for acting out the story: a box, a map, torches, biscuits
- chalk / masking tape

Lesson plan



Warm up

- Stick the flashcards of the lesson on the board.
- Point to each flashcard and say the words/phrase aloud. Encourage Ss to repeat after you.

Vocabulary Track 46



- Have Ss open their books to page 38.
- Direct Ss' attention to the vocabularu section at the top of page 39.
- Play the CD and have Ss repeat.
- Say the words/phrase in random order and have Ss repeat and point.

Activity 1





Track 47

Before reading

- Hold up the book or stick blown-up colour photocopies of the story on the board.
- Tell Ss that they will listen to and read a story with the title *The secret* tunnel.
- Ask Ss to look at the pictures and guess what the story is going to be
- Elicit answers, but do not correct Ss at this stage.

While reading

• Play the CD and point to each frame in your book or on the board.







The secret tunnel







Encourage Ss to point to each frame in their books.

- Check Ss' predictions.
- Play the CD again and ask Ss to point to each speech bubble and follow along.
- Talk about what happens in each frame.
- Frame 1: Samantha, Vanessa and Kevin are at Kevin's grandmother's house. Vanessa is looking in a box.
- Frame 2: The children find a map of a tunnel in the box.
- Frame 3: The children are on their way to the park to look for the tunnel.
- Frame 4: The children are in the tunnel. It's dark and Vanessa isn't happy.
- Frame 5: The children are still in the tunnel. Vanessa is scared because the tunnel is full of mice.
- Frame 6: The children are at the end of the tunnel. They open the door and they see Kevin's grandmother's garden. She welcomes them back and tells them about the tunnel.
- Play the CD again and invite Ss to shadow read.
- Play the CD again, pausing after each line. Have Ss repeat (chorally-in groups-individually).

After reading

• Ask Ss comprehension questions, such as the following:

Frame 1: Where are the children? (At Kevin's grandmother's house.) What are they doing? (They are looking at Kevin's grandmother's things.)









Frame 2: What is in one of the boxes? (A map with a tunnel.) Where is the tunnel? (In the park.) What's the time? (It's a quarter past eight.)

Frame 3: Where does the tunnel start? (At a tree in the park.)

Frame 4: *Is the tunnel dark? (Yes, it is.)*

Does Vanessa like it in the tunnel? (No, she doesn't.)

Frame 5: What do they see in the tunnel? (Mice.)

Who is scared? (Vanessa.)

Frame 6: What do the children see when they open the door of the tunnel? (Grandma's garden.)

Does Grandma know about the tunnel? (Yes, she does.) How big is the tunnel? (It's fifty metres.)

- Divide Ss into groups of four and have them act out the story. Tell Ss to
- Have some groups perform for the whole class. You could also give them props (refer to the materials section).

Post-story activity **



- Draw Ss' attention to the value and read it aloud.
- Explain it and discuss it with Ss using L1.

• Ask Ss some further questions related to the story. For example, Do you like working together with other classmates? Is it easy to work together with other people? Are you a team player?, etc.



Optional Line jumping

- Use chalk to draw a straight line on the floor that is long enough for Ss to stand on in single file. Alternatively, you can make the line with masking tape.
- Have Ss line up in single file on the drawn line.
- Tell Ss that the side to their right is yes and the side to their left is no.
- Call out *yes* and show Ss that they have to jump to their right. Do it with them. Ask them to jump back onto the line. Do this a couple of times with *yes* and then do the same with no.
- Explain to Ss that you are going to say sentences about the story. If they are correct, Ss should jump to their right. If they are wrong, they should jump to their left.
- Hold up the book or stick blown up photocopies of Storu time The secret tunnel on the board. Say The children are in Kevin's grandmother's house and encourage Ss to jump to the right side. Do a couple of examples and then play the game.
- Whoever jumps to the wrong side, is out of the game or just misses a turn.



Workbook (OPTIONAL)

Activity 1



- 1. They are at Kevin's grandmother's house.
- 2. A map with a tunnel.
- 3. It's in the park.
- 4. Vanessa doesn't like the tunnel.
- 5. There are mice.
- 6. Yes, she does.



open answers

Phonics



Language focus

Aims

- to practise the pronunciation of s
- to sing a phonics chant

Vocabulary

smile, snake, spider, stop, skate, scarf, sleep, swim, squirrel

Phonics

s blends: sm, sn, sp, st, sk, sc, sl, sw, squ



Materials

- blown-up colour photocopies of Story time The secret tunnel
- Blu tack
- props for acting out the story: a box, a map, torches, biscuits
- flashcards of smile, snake, spider, stop, skate, scarf, sleep, swim, squirrel
- photocopies of the above flashcards (one per S)
- phonics cards of *smile*, *snake*, *spider*, stop, skate, scarf, sleep, swim, squirrel (one set per S) (The phonics cards are in the Teacher's Digital Resources.)
- Blu tack

Revision

- Hold up the book or stick blown-up colour photocopies of the story on the board.
- Ask Ss to tell you what they remember from the storu.
- Have Ss open their books to pages 38-39. Play the CD (Track 47) and have Ss follow along in their books.
- Play the CD and encourage Ss to shadow read.
- Then have some Ss act out the story for the whole class.

the words that begin with that blend.

- Point to sm and sau /sm/a couple of times, encouraging Ss to repeat after you. Then point to the flashcard (smile) and say it out loud, having Ss repeat after you.
- Repeat the same procedure with the rest of the blends.

Activity 1 Track 48



- Play the CD and have Ss listen and point the first time.
- Play the CD again and have Ss listen, point and repeat.

Listening transcript

sm /sm/, /sm/, smile sn /sn/, /sn/, snake sp /sp/, /sp/, spider st /st/, /st/, stop sk /sk/, /sk/, skate sc/sk/, /sk/, scarf squ/skw/, /skw/, squirrel sl /sl/, /sl/, sleep sw /sw/. /sw/. swim

Activity 2 Track 49

- Direct Ss' attention to the picture and ask them guestions such as What animals can you see? (A spider, a snake, a bird and a squirrel.), What colour is the spider? (It's brown.), What colour is the snake? (It's purple.), What colour is the bird? (It's blue.) What colour is the squirrel? (It's brown / orange.)
- Explain to Ss that they are going to listen to a chant and that they will say all of the s blends they hear in the chant.
- Play the chant once and have Ss listen and follow along in their books.
- Play the chant again, pausing after each line for Ss to say the s blends.
- Then play the chant once more and encourage Ss to chant along.

👛 small, small, spider, snake, sleeping, squirrel, stop, small, spider, snake, **Smiling**



TPR Activity

- Ask Ss to take out the *smile*, *snake*, *spider*, *stop*, *skate*, *scarf*, *sleep*, swim, squirrel phonics cards.
- Explain that they have to chant while raising the corresponding card each time.
- You can divide Ss into two teams. One team raises the phonics cards for the first four lines of the chant while chanting along, and the other team raises the phonics cards for the last five lines while chanting along.
- Ask Ss to act out the chant too, e.g. They can pretend that the spider is climbing up the tree by having their fingers crawl up their arm and by making a sleeping gesture for the sleeping snake.

Lesson plan

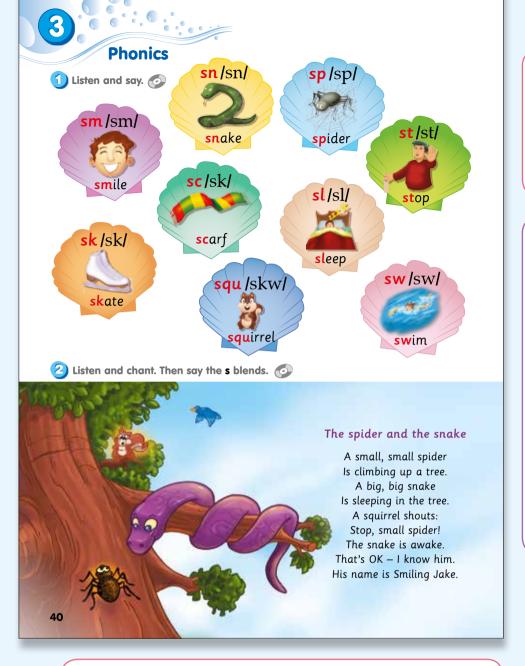


Warm up

• Write the s blends (sm, sn, sp, st, sk, sc, sl, sw, squ) on the board. Under each blend, stick the flashcards of



- Divide Ss into two teams.
- Invite a S from each team to come up to the board. Give each S a marker / piece of chalk.
- Call out one of the s blends (sm, sn, sp, st, sk, sc, sl, sw, squ), e.g. sm and have Ss write a word beginning with that blend on the board, e.g.



- The S that does this the fastest wins a point for his/her team.
- Repeat the same procedure with the rest of the Ss.
- The team with the most points wins.

Optional 2

Sound and picture pairs

- Divide Ss into two teams.
- Each S in team 1 holds one of the phonics cards (sm, sn, sp, st, sk, sc, sl,
- Hand out flashcards with the words that begin with sm, sn, sp, st, sk, sc, sl, sw, squ to Ss in team 2. Make sure to give an equal number of flashcards to Ss so that each phonics card corresponds to a picture card
- Play the phonics chant (Track 49) and have Ss mingle round the room.
- Explain to Ss that once you stop the music, each S with a phonics card must pair up with a S holding a picture flashcard.
- Allow Ss a few minutes to find their pair. Then ask the pair of Ss to name their cards. If Ss name their cards correctly, they stay in the game. However, if they do this incorrectly, they are eliminated.

- After all of the pairs have named their cards, make them swap cards and plau again.
- You can make the game more challenging by removing some of the flashcards from the game, so that Ss must race to get into pairs so they don't get eliminated.



Workbook (OPTIONAL)

Activity 1



Track 50

Listening transcript

- 1. snake, snake
- 2. stand, stand
- 3. sleep, sleep
- 4. skate, skate 5. swim, swim
- 6. spider, spider
- 🥦 1. d 2. f
 - 3. c 4. a
- 5. b 6. g

7. e

7. squirrel, squirrel

Activity 2

- 1. smile, b
- 2. snake, d
- 3. spider, a
- 4. stop, c
- 5. swim, g
- 6. scarf, e
- 7. skate, f

Revision

Language focus

Aims

• to revise and consolidate vocabulary and structures learnt in previous lessons



Materials

- phonics cards of *smile*, *snake*, *spider*, stop, skate, scarf, sleep, swim, squirrel (one set per S) (The phonics cards are in the Teacher's Digital Resources.)
- flashcards of the vocabulary taught in this module
- Blu tack

Revision

• Play the phonics chant from the previous lesson (Track 49) and have Ss do the TPR activity (on TB page 64).

Lesson plan



Warm up

- Stick the flashcards of the animals on the board and explain to Ss that you are going to play the game Play thief.
- Direct Ss' attention to the flashcards on the board and ask them to look at them carefully for one minute.
- Then, have them close their eyes and take away one of the flashcards.
- When Ss open their eyes again, they have to guess which animal is missing.
- The S who guesses correctly gets a turn to take away another flashcard from the board.
- To make the game more competitive, you may divide Ss into two teams and have them take turns to answer in order to win points.

Activity 1 M Track 51



- Direct Ss' attention to the pictures and ask them to describe what each picture depicts.
- Explain to Ss that you are going to play the CD and Ss have to listen to the exchanges and point to the correct picture according to the description they hear.



Listen, point and say **a** or **b**.



а







b





Look, choose and say.



1. Throw / Don't throw rubbish in the rubbish



4. Talk / Don't talk here.



2. Don't take / Take photos.



5. Eat / Don't eat and drink here.



3. Turn off / Don't turn off your mobile phones.

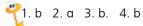


6. Cross / Don't cross here

- Play the CD, pausing after each exchange so that Ss have enough time to point to the correct picture.
- Play the CD again so that Ss can check their answers.
- Have Ss compare their answers in pairs first, then check as a class.
- Play the CD again so that Ss can check their answers.

Listening transcript

- 1. A: There are horses on this farm.
 - **B:** Are they running?
 - A: No, they aren't. They're eating.
- 2. A: Look! There are goats over there!
 - **B:** What are they doing? Are they sitting?
 - A: No, they aren't. They're sleeping.
- 3. **A:** Mum, are you doing the washing-up?
- **B:** No, I'm not. I'm making a salad.
- 4. **A:** Hey girls, are you playing volleyball?
 - **B:** No, we aren't. We're playing football. Play with us!



Activity 2

• Ss look at the pictures, read the sentences and choose the words in bold in order to complete the sentences correctly and say.



• Have Ss compare their answers in pairs first, then check as a class.

1. Throw 2. Don't take photos 3. Turn off 4. Don't talk 5. Eat 6. Cross

Now I can 🔊



• to check Ss' progress and understanding of the new language items

Explain to Ss that they are going to say and point to the corresponding pictures of the words they have learnt in this module.

Activity 1

- Holding up the SB, point to the sports and activity and encourage Ss to say them out loud.
- Have Ss point to the pictures as they say each phrase.
- Do this with all of the phrases.

Activity 2, 3 and 4



• Follow the same procedure as in Activity 1.

Activity 5



- Direct Ss' attention to the first picture, read the sentences and have Ss repeat them and point to the corresponding picture.
- Do this with the other sentences / questions and answers.

- Arrange some chairs in a circle at the front of the classroom, making sure there's a chair for every S. Invite Ss to sit on the chairs. (If this isn't possible, do the activity with Ss seated at their desks.)
- Give out a flashcard of one of the vocabulary items they have learnt in this module.
- Explain to Ss that once you play some music, they will have to pass the flashcard clockwise around the circle.
- Play the song *Having fun* from SB page 31 (Track 37).
- When you stop the music, the S holding the flashcard has to hold it up and say a sentence to do with the item depicted on the flashcard, e.g. I'm eating a tomato salad for the flashcard of eat.



Workbook (OPTIONAL)

Activity 1

- 1. No, he isn't. He's playing volleyball.
- 2. No, they aren't. They're eating.
- 3. No, she isn't. She's dancing.
- 4. No, they aren't. They're swimming.

Activity 2



Track 52

Listening transcript

- 1. A: What's the time?
 - **B:** It's half past seven.
- 2. A: What's the time?
 - **B:** It's a quarter to three.
- 3. A: What's the time?
 - **B:** It's a quarter past five.
- 4. A: What's the time?
 - **B:** It's five o'clock.



a. 4 b. 2 c. 1 d. 3

Activity 3

1. them 2. me 3. it 4. us